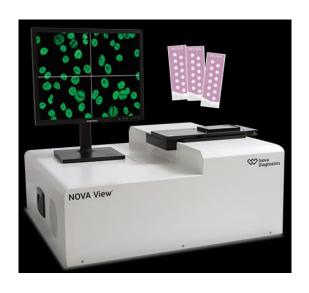
COMPARISON OF TWO ANTI-DOUBLE-STRAND-DNA ANTIBODIES ASSAYS: CRITHIDIA LUCILIAE SUBSTRATE READ BY AUTOMATED FLUORESCENT MICROSCOPE VERSUS CHEMILUMINESCENT IMMUNOASSAY.

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#### Introduction



Anti-DNA: Chemiluminescent immunoassay (QUANTA Flash®, BioFlash®) (CIA).



CL substrate read by an indirect immunofluorescent automatized microscope (NovaView®) (CLAM)

### **Methods**

- 190 routine samples, which were tested for anti-dsDNA antibodies with both assays.
   Equivocal CIA results, from 27 up to 35 UI/ml, were considered positive.
- Digitalized pictures linked to indeterminate
  CLAM results were read by trained biologists.
- CL substrates were also read in the usual way on microscope by operators (CLO).

# Table 1 – Qualitative screening agreement

	CLAM vs CIA	CLAM vs CLO	CIA vs CLO
Agreement (%)	82,6 (good)	85.8 (good)	90,5 (good)
Kappa	κ=0,631 (0.523-0.740)	κ=0.698 (0.598-0.799)	κ=0.770 (0.669-0.870)

NovaView®'s software has failed to supply results in 10% of the samples.

A recent decrease of CIA assay positivity threshold by manufacturer resulted in improved qualitative agreement

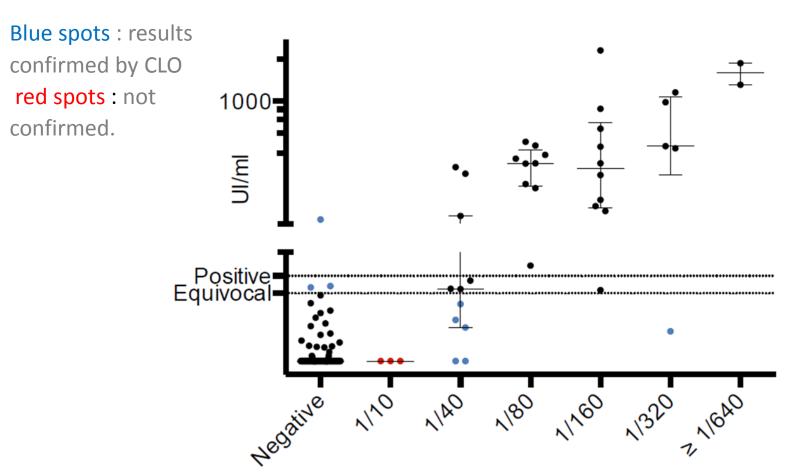
# Table 2 – Qualitative discrepancies analysis

	CLAM+ CIA- CLO+	CLAM+ CIA- CLO-	CLAM- CIA+ CLO-
Followed SLE	3	4	0
Suspected SLE	1	3	0
Others	5	14	3

CLAM assay reported 30 positive results discrepant with CIA. Among these, 21 (70%) were considered negative by CLO. However, 9 were confirmed by CLO, including 3 followed SLE, 1 suspected SLE and 5 other conditions.

One patient was treated for dermatomyositis, the second one had unlabeled neurological disorders, and the third one was treated by infliximab for IBD.

### Figure 1: Relationship between quantitative CIA values and CLAM semiquantitative assay results



Titer determined by CLAM automatic interpretation, and by operators if required

### Table 3 – Quantitative agreement, evaluated by Spearman analysis.

	CLAM vs CIA	CLAM vs CLO	CIA vs CLO
Spearman	0.756 (0.675-0.819)	0,967 (0,954-0,976)	0.742 (0.667-0.802)
	p<0.0001	p<0.0001	p<0.0001
N	N=148	N=145	N=186

Spearman analysis demonstrated a good correlation between CIA results and CLAM titers, and between CIA and CLO.

Interestingly, correlation between CLAM and CLO titers was excellent.

#### Conclusion

- We found good qualitative and quantitative agreements between each couple of studied assays.
- Even if discrepancies were expected between assays based on different analytical principles, we encountered an unexpected high rate of isolated positive CLAM results, suggesting a too low CLAM positivity threshold.
- In order to improve consistency, especially for the CLAM positive specimens showing significant titers below 1:40, we suggest to elevate threshold.
- CIA assay demonstrated good performances and technical advantages (speed and reduced needs for trained personnel).